Everglade by Woolly Wormhead



Materials: 100g/240m/260yds Stylecraft Pure Wool DK (100% Wool) OR 100g/270m/296yds Novita Wool DK (100% Wool) Set 3.75mm DPN's or size needed to obtain gauge Stitch marker as necessary Tapestry needle Gauge: 22 sts x 26 rows to 4in/10cm on 3.75mm needles over St.St Sizes: To fit sizes: 18 [20, 22, 24] in/45.75 [51, 56, 61] cm Finished size: 15.25 [17.5, 19.5, 21.75] in/38.75 [44.5, 49.5, 55.25] cm Skills: Knit & purl stitches, knitting in the round, increases & decreases, lace

Abbreviations:		
K:	I	knit
P:	_	purl
M1:		pick up the horizontal loop between next 2 sts, place it onto the left needle then knit into the back of it
yo:	0	wrap yarn round needle to create a yarnover
k2tog:	\wedge	knit next 2 sts together
ssk:	λ	slip next 2 sts knitwise, then knit these 2 sts together through the backs of the loops
sk2po:	λ	slip next st knitwise, then knit following 2 sts together, then pass slipped st over
k3tog:	λ	knit next 3 sts together
k4tog:	٨	knit next 4 sts together
s2k2po:	λ	slip next 2 sts knitwise, then knit following 2 sts together, then pass slipped sts over

Special Techniques:

Alternate cable cast-on - a tutorial can be downloaded from here in PDF format: http://www.woollywormhead.com/knitting-crochet/

http://www.woonyworninead.com/kinting-k

How to:

Using Alternate Cable cast-on method, cast on 84 [96, 108, 120] sts.

Join in the round, being careful not to twist sts. Place stitch marker to indicate start of round.

Brim:

Now work K1, P1 rib for 3.25 [3.5, 3.75, 4] inches/8.25 [9, 9.5, 10] cm *(or desired length)* then work increase rnd once as follows:

Next rnd: *K3, M1; rpt from * to end *[112, 128, 144, 160 sts]*

Body:

Extra small size: work rnds 13-16 once, rnds 1-16 once then rnds 1-7 once [27 rnds] **Small size:** work rnds 9-16 once, rnds 1-16 once, then rnds 1 to 7 once [31 rnds]

Medium size: work rnds 5-16 once, rnds 1-16 once. then rnds 1 to7 once [35 rnds] Large size: repeat rnds 1-16 2 times, then rnds 1 to 7 once [39 mds] *Rnd 1:* *P1, K10, K3tog, yo, K1, yo, P1; rpt from* to end Rnd 2 & all even rnds: *P1, K14, P1; rpt from * to end Rnd 3: *P1, K8, K3tog, K1, [yo, K1] twice, P1; rpt from * to end Rnd 5: *P1, K6, K3tog, K2, [yo, K1] twice, K1, P1; rpt from * to end Rnd 7: *P1, K4, K3tog, K3, [yo, K1] twice, K2, P1; rpt from * to end *Rnd 9:* *P1, yo, K1, yo, sk2po, K10, P1; rpt from * to end *Rnd 11:* P1, K1, [yo, K1] twice, sk2po, K8, P1; rpt from * to end Rnd 13: *P1, K2, [yo, K1] twice, K1, sk2po, K6, P1; rpt from * to end Rnd 15: *P1, K3, [yo, K1] twice, K2, sk2po, K4, P1; rpt from * to end Rnd 16: *P1, K14, P1; rpt from * to end

Note: If you adjust the number of repeats for more or less slouch, it's very important to end the body section after a 7^{th} rnd – this leaves the pattern in the correct place for the crown shaping.

Crown shaping:

Rnd 1: *P1, K3, K2tog, K9, P1; rpt from * to end [105, 120, 135, 150 sts] Rnd 2: *P1, yo, K1, yo, sk2po, K9, P1; rpt from * to end Rnd 3: *P1, K3, ssk, K8, P1; rpt from * to end /98, 112, 126. 140 sts1 Rnd 4: *P1, K1, [yo, K1] twice, s2k2po, K5, P1; rpt from * to end [91, 104, 117, 130 sts] *Rnd 5:* *P1, K11, P1; rpt from * to end *Rnd 6:* *P1, K2, [vo, K1] twice, K1, s2k2po, K2, P1; rpt from * to end [84, 96, 108, 120 sts] Rnd 7: *P1, K7, K2tog, K1, P1; rpt from * to end [77, 88, 99, 110 sts] Rnd 8: *P1, K5, K3tog, yo, K1, yo, P1; rpt from * to end Rnd 9: *P1, K4, K2tog, K3, P1; rpt from * to end [70, 80, 90, 100 sts] Rnd 10: *P1, K1, K4tog, K1, [yo, K1] twice, P1; rpt from * to end [63, 72, 81, 90 sts] *Rnd 11:* *P1, K7, P1; rpt from * to end Rnd 12: *P1, K3tog, K2, yo, K2, P1; rpt from * to end [56, 64, 72, 80 sts] Rnd 13: *P1, ssk, K4, P1; rpt from * to end [49, 56, 63, 70 sts] Rnd 14: *P1, K3, K2tog, P1; rpt from * to end [42, 48,

54, 60 sts]

Rnd 15: *P1, K2, K2tog, P1; rpt from * to end [35, 40, 45, 50 sts] Rnd 16: *P1, ssk, K1, P1; rpt from * to end [28, 32, 36, 40 sts] Rnd 17: *P1, K2tog, P1; rpt from * to end [21, 24, 27, 30 sts] Rnd 18: *P1, K1, P1; rpt from * to end Rnd 19: *K2tog, P1; rpt from * to end [14, 16, 18, 20 sts] Rnd 20: *ssk; rpt from * to end [7, 8, 9, 10 sts]

Break yarn and draw through remaining 7 [8, 9, 10] sts, tighten to close.

Finishing:

Weave in all ends. A gentle wash and blocking is required to help the decrease lines settle in and lay flat.

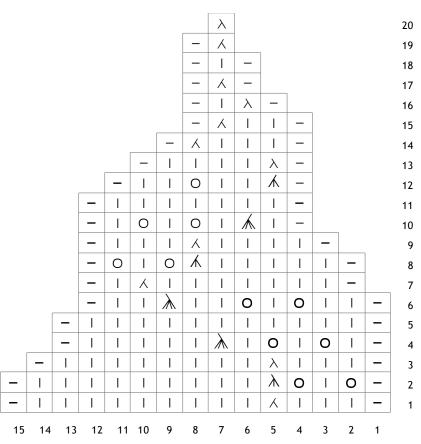
Whilst blocking, try to open out the lace and at the same time, avoid over stretching the brim.

This Hat will benefit from the lace being opened out – the more blocked the lace, the more slouchy the Hat and the more the detail will notice.

Brim can be folded back for a casual look, or worn unfolded for a more slouchy look.

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Crown chart:



Handy tip:

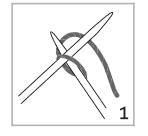
To make the most of this Hat, you want to maximise the eyelets to open them and really show off the beautiful lace pattern!

This is best achieved by fully wrapping the needle with your yarn – bring the yarn forward, take it up and over the needle to the back, ready to knit the next stitch.

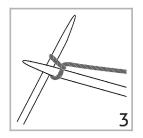
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Body chart:

Alternate Cable Cast-on









Alternate Cable cast-on:

The alternate cable cast-on is created by casting on alternate knit and purl stitches. By treating the slip knot as a purl stitch, the first true stitch cast on will be a knit stitch. This means that for an even number of stitches cast on for joining in the round, the cast on will end with a knit stitch. It is advisable to work a row flat before joining, as this will ensure the ribbing starts with a knit stitch, and will make joining in the round easier.

- 5
- 1) Start with a slip knot on your left working needle. Then for the first stitch only, insert the right needle into the stitch knitwise and wrap yarn round needle to create a knit stitch.
- Pull the yarn through to create the new stitch and then place the loop back onto the left working needle. Steps 1 & 2 are only worked once, at the beginning of each cast-on.
- 3) Next, insert the needle behind the previous stitch purlwise (i.e. working from back to front insert the needle between the last stitch and the one before it). Wrap the yarn round the needle and pull this loop of yarn through and place it onto the left needle.
- 4) Then we want to create a knit stitch insert the needle from front to back behind the previous stitch. Wrap the yarn round the needle, pull this loop through and place it onto the left needle.
- 5) Now repeat steps 3 & 4 until the desired number of stitches have been cast on.

